MISSOURI	STATE	BOARD	OF	HEALTH
BUR	EAU OF V	ITAL STAT	FIST	ICS

RU	REAU	OF V	/ITAL	STATIST
				DESTIN

	• •	CERTIFICAT	E OF DEATH	46065
1.	PLACE OF DEATH		GQQ -	±000 0
	County Garkson.	Registration District I	Yo	Pile No.
	City Komb as billy Mar (No. 1	Primary Registration 1	District No. 29 CM	Registered No
	FULL NAME (a) Residence. No. 4.50 addition. (Usual place of abode) ngth of residence in city or town where death occurred	Agus,	Ward. (If nonr ds. How long in U.S., if of force	resident give city or town and State) eign birth? yrs. mes. ds.
	PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICU	LARS	→ MEDICAL CERTII	FICATE OF DEATH
3. C./	SEX 4. COLOR OR RACE 5. SINGLE, MAR DIVORCED (2	RIED, WIDOWED OR	16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY AND	YEAR) Dec 82 1918
Te.	nale Whate Wid	rwed	17.	That I attended deceased from
5 _A .	IF MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED HUSBAND OF (OR) WIFE OF	,	10 0 1 19 66	6 Vec 8 , 19 18
	(OR) THE OF	- .•	that I last saw h alive on	
6.	DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) Out 22	- 1833	THE CAUSE OF DEATH* WAS A	•
7.	AGE YEARS MONTHS DAYS	li LESS than 1	Cascino	ma &
	85- 17	day,brs. ermin.	Trans	was Ben
8.	OCCUPATION OF DECEASED	-	L Demuc	e.
	(a) Trade, profession, or			duration) yrs
	particular kind of work (b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in	(CONTRIBUTORY(SECONDARY)	
	which employed (or employer)		duration)yrsmosds	
	(c) Name of employer		18. WHERE WAS DISEASE CONTRACTED	
9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN) Thundver			IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATH?	•
	(STATE OR COUNTRY) Legmanl	<i>f</i>	DID AN OPERATION PRECEDE DEATHS	O DATE OF
	10. NAME OF FATHER John Brown	eman	Was there an autopsys	ig,,
	11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OR TOWN)	nover	What test confirmed diagnosist	1 tugo, cal
Ě	(STATE OR COUNTRY)	innu-	/ (Signed)	143. Pasting
PARENTS	12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Trans Ties her		12/	00 5 Campbell
	13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN) SHOWER			H, or in deaths from Violenz Causes, state
	(STATE OR COUNTRY)	mary.	(1) MEANS AND NATURE OF INJURY, a HOMICIDAL. (See reverse side for additions	nd (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or al space.)
14.	INFORMANT Mainrie Hoch	red No	19. PLACE OF BURIAL, CREMATION,	OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL
15.	A CL OF A A	<u> </u>	29 UNDERTAKER ON OW	ADDRESS 197
	FILED A 19/	REGISTRAR	John W Was	mer siggissam

Hames on

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health ________Association.]

Statement of Occupation .- Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e.g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry. and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Fgreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer." "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None. .

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the disease causing death (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia" f; Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., origin: "Cancer" is less definite: avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles: Whooping cough: Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death). 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions. such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptom--atic), "Atrophy,"-"Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure." "Homorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or homicidal, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning: struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of headhomicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Note.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Cortificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phlebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.

Additional space for further statements; by physician.